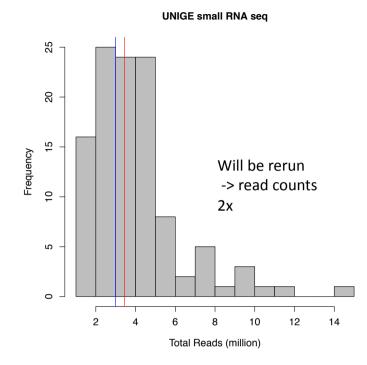
## miRNA sequencing – early QC

|         |             |          | map to hsa   |       | annot to |       |
|---------|-------------|----------|--------------|-------|----------|-------|
|         |             | % map to | mature miRNA | % of  | mature   | % of  |
| sample  | total reads | genome   | seqs         | total | miRNA    | total |
| HG00117 | 4,371,136   | 89%      | 142,584      | 3.3%  | 319,891  | 7%    |
| HG00355 | 2,914,025   | 95%      | 121,710      | 4.2%  | 452,839  | 16%   |
| NA06986 | 4,523,897   | 97%      | 209,420      | 4.6%  | 489,728  | 11%   |
| NA19095 | 3,046,837   | 94%      | 81,426       | 2.7%  | 235,466  | 8%    |
| NA20527 | 2,507,754   | 97%      | 79,203       | 3.2%  | 319,891  | 13%   |

These are from UNIGE samples, but similar results also from Kiel and Barcelona. We can quantify 100-300 miRNAs.



## Suggestion:

- Per sample total reads >3 M or median total reads across the samples 6M
  - a few drop offs don't matter
- How to make sure that the reads are of normal quality for these samples:
  - trim reads to 36 bp if you have sequenced more
  - remove adaptors
    - 3 bp minimum overlap, 10% error rate, keep reads of length 14-36 bp
  - map to human mature miRNA sequences; about 2.5-5% should map, aim for >=100 000